Tryptose Broth



Medium used for the cultivation of Enterococcus and Brucella.

• CONTENTS (Liter)

Tryptose	20.0 g
Sodium Chloride	5.0 g
Glucose	1.0 g
Final pH = 7.0 ± 0.2 at 25° C.	

PROCEDURE

Suspend 26.0 G of powder in 1 L of distilled or deionized water. Heat to boiling until completely dissolved. Sterilize by autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C in water bath. Mix well. Dispense in tubes.

INTERPRETATION

Tryptose Broth is a medium used for the cultivation of Enterococcus and Brucella. Tryptose is a source of nitrogen and carbon. Sodium chloride maintains osmotic balance. Glucose is a source of carbohydrate.

TECHNIC

Inoculate the specimen with stab using a sterile needle to the medium. Shake gently for spreading microorganism. Incubate at $36 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C for 18 - 24 hours. Refer appropriate references for recommended test procedure.

QUALITY CONTROL FOR USE

Dehydrated medium

Appearance: free-flowing, homogeneous

Color: beige
Prepared medium
Appearance: clear
Color: amber

Incubation conditions: $36 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C / 18 - 24 hours

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum CFU	Growth
Enterococcus faecalis	29212	50-100	good
Streptococcus pyogenes	19615	50-100	good
Brucella abortus	23448	50-100	good

STORE

The powder is very hygroscopic. Store the powder at room temperature, in a dry environment, in its original container tightly closed and use it before the expiry date on the label or until signs of deterioration or contamination are evident. Store prepared medium at 2-8°C.

REFERENCES

- 1. Huddleson (1943). Brucellosis in man and animals, rev. ed. The Commonwealth Fund. New York, N.Y.
- 2. Castenada (1947) Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 64: 114.
- 3. McCullough, Mills, Herbst, Roessler and Brewer (1947). J. Bacteriol. 53: 5.

PACKAGE

